## Medicare \& <br> Long Term Care

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## About me

> Live in Temperance, MI

- Unit Field Trainer at Bankers Life
- Started July 2019
$>$ Riding horses for 17 years
- Graduated MSU

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Medicare

## Parts of Medicare

- Part A: Hospital
- Part B: Medical
- Part C: Medicare Advantage
- Part D: Prescription Drug



## Part A—Hospital

## Inpatient hospital stays

## Inpatient skilled nursing facility care

- EXCEPT custodial or long-term care

Home health services for part-time care

- Skilled nursing care
- Physical therapy
- Speech therapy

Hospice care

## Part A Out-of-Pockeł Costs in 2022

|  | You Pay | Skilled Nursing Stay Co-pays | You Pay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monthly Premium | \$0 | Day 1-20 | Nothing |
| Part A Deductible (per Benefit Period) | \$1,556 | Day 21-100 | \$194.50 per day |
| Hospital Stay Co-Pays |  | After 100 Days | 100\% |
| Up to 60 Days | Nothing | - Skilled Nursing Requirements <br> - Doctor certifies daily care needed <br> - Follows 3 full days in hospital <br> - Showing signs of improvement |  |
| Day 61-90 | \$389 per day |  |  |
| Day 91-150 | \$778 or more per day |  |  |
| After 150 days | 100\% |  |  |

## Part B—Medical

## Doctors' services

Outpatient hospital services
Medical services and supplies
Home health services
Most preventative care

## Part B Out-of-Pocket Costs in 2022

|  | You pay |
| :---: | :---: |
| Monthly Premium | $\$ 170.10$ <br> For most people* |
| Annual Deductible | $\$ 233$ |
| Coinsurance | $20 \%$ <br> of approved expenses after deductible |

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## Part C—Medicare Advantage

- Offered as managed care plans, such as:
- Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs)
- Preferred Provider Organizations (PPOs)
- May have provider networks
- May require specialist referrals
- May offer additional benefits
- Low or no deductible
- Dental/Vision/Hearing
- Prescription drug coverage (MA-PD)
- Low or no monthly premium
- Usually charge co-pays for services


## Medicare Supplement-Medigap

- All plans pay for:
- Part A co-pays and coinsurance
- 365 additional days hospital coverage
- Part B co-pays and coinsurance
- Hospice care coinsurance
$\checkmark$ No provider networks
> No specialist referrals
- Certain plans pay for:
- Skilled nursing facility coinsurance
- Part A deductible
> Part B deductible
- Foreign travel emergency care
> Part B excess fees
- Higher premiums
$>$ Little to no out-of-pocket costs


## Part D-

## Prescription Drug

- Provides savings on most widely used prescription drugs
- Covers both brand-name and generic medications
- Accepted by pharmacies nationwide



## Enrollment Periods

## Annual Election Period (AEP)

October 15-December 7

- Original Medicare $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Medicare Advantage
- Change prescription plan
- Change Medicare Advantage plan


## Initial Enrollment Period (IEP)

- 3 months before the month you turn 65, through your birth month, and 3 months after


## Open Enrollment Period (OEP)

January 1-March 31

- Enroll in Part A and/or B
- Change Medicare Advantage plan
- Coverage starts July $1^{\text {st }}$


## Long Term Care

## What is Long Term Care?

- Type of care needed when someone:
- Needs assistance in independent living
- Cannot perform normal Activities of Daily Living (ADLs)
- Has a cognitive impairment
- Terminally ill
other services. Medicare and most health insurance, including Medicare Supplement Insurance (Medigap), don't pay for this type of care. You may be eligible for this care through Medicaid, or you can choose to buy private long-term care insurance.


## Activities of Daily Living (ADLs)

## Bathing



## Typically, we insure

## a catastrophic loss

DHouse fire
-Car accident
-Medical bills


## Odds of Needing Long Term Care

- Most often, risk goes
uncovered
- \# 1 reason for bankruptcy
after age 65

Odds of Needing Long Term Care: 720 in 1.200


Is This Risk Covered?
Ves
No

## Most people aren'ł planning ahead

- Depressing to talk about
- We often make assumptions about the past
- No discussion $=$ No plan $=$ Large costs


## 7 of 10

63\%

## 100\%

people over the age of 65 will need some type of long term care support ${ }^{3}$
of caregivers used their own retirement and savings funds to pay for care ${ }^{2}$

## Average

 costs 2021Assisted Living: \$6,000-\$10,000 monthly

Nursing Home: \$10,000-\$20,000+ monthly

## Reasons for having a plan in place BEFORE we need the care

| 0102 | 03 | 05 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Protect your <br> retirement <br> savings | Reduce out <br> of pocket <br> costs | Make it easier <br> for family | Reduce risk of <br> injury | | support ability |
| :---: |
| to receive care |
| at home |

## How it works

Flexible: Covers independent days of care

Lasts: Restores after not needing care for 6 months

Mobile: Goes with you wherever you call home

## Home Care

Covers care, services and supplies from qualified home healthcare providers.

- Visits by:
- Home care aides
- Nurses
- Physical occupational and speech therapistis
- Nutritional specialists
- Medical social workers
- Charges related to your home care:
- Transportation to and from medical appointments
- Domestic cleaning and laundry services
- Home delivery of meals from an official program
- Food shopping, running errands, meal preparation and clean-up
- Rental of a wheelchair, hospital bed and other durable, portable therapeutio equipment up to the purchase price


## Adult Day Care

Covers services at a qualified adult day care facility.

- Transportation to and from the facility
* Meals provided by the facility
- Social, recreational and educational events designed to improve your functioning and level of selfawareness


## Facility Care

Pays for care, services and supplies in all covered facilities, for ewample:

## Coverage features

- Assisted living facilities
* Alcheimer's facilities
- Residential healthcare facilities

Fadityonly plans wailable. Plase see your gent for complete detaile

## It does NOT save money to wait

$>$ Annual premium age 50-80

- \$90,000 benefit pool
$50 \quad \$ 753.27$ annual $\times 40$ years
= \$30,130 (total premium)
6 \$1,297.41 annual $\times 30$ years
$=\$ 38,922$ (extra $\$ 8,792$ )
70 \$2,734.12 annual $\times 20$ years
$=\$ 54,682$ (extra $\$ 24,552$ )
80
\$5,956.64 annual x 10 years $=\$ 59,566$ (extra $\$ 29,436$ )


## Thank you!

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[^0]:    *Beneficiaries who filed an individual tax return with income great than $\$ 91,000$ or who file a joint return with income greater than $\$ 182,000$ will pay a higher premium

