

GENERAL CONDITIONS

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This policy is subject to the Civil Code of the Province of Quebec.

Reference to Civil Code articles in some instances is for easier reading only and should not be construed as exact quotations.

By accepting this policy, the Insured agrees that:

- The statements in the Declarations are accurate and complete and correspond to those statements made to the Insurer; and
- The policy was issued in reliance upon those statements.

For all coverages except where inapplicable. If the conditions contained in this form are also found in the wording to which it is attached, the latter take precedence.

STATEMENTS

1. REPRESENTATION OF RISK (Article 2408)

The client, and the Insured if the Insurer requires it, is bound to represent all the facts known to him which are likely to materially influence an insurer in the setting of the premium, the appraisal of the risk or the decision to cover it, but he is not bound to represent facts known to the Insurer or which from their notoriety he is presumed to know, except in answer to inquiries.

The client means the person submitting an insurance application.

2. MATERIAL CHANGE IN RISK (Articles 2466 and 2467)

The Insured shall promptly notify the Insurer of any change that increases the risks stipulated in the policy and that results from events within his control if it is likely to materially influence an insurer in setting the rate of the premium, appraising the risk or deciding to continue to insure it.

On being notified of any material change in the risk, the Insurer may cancel the contract or propose, in writing, a new rate of premium. Unless the new premium is accepted and paid by the Insured within 30 days of the proposal, the policy ceases to be in force.

3. MISREPRESENTATION OR CONCEALMENT (Articles 2410, 2411 and 2466)

Any misrepresentation or concealment of relevant facts mentioned in section 1 and in the first paragraph of section 2 by the client or the Insured nullifies the contract at the instance of the Insurer, even in respect of losses not connected with the risk so misrepresented or concealed.

Unless the bad faith of the client or of the Insured is established or unless it is established that the Insurer would not have covered the risk if he had known the true facts, the Insurer remains liable towards the Insured for such proportion of the indemnity as the premium he collected bears to the premium he should have collected.

4. WARRANTIES (Article 2412)

Any increase in risk resulting from a breach of warranty suspends the coverage until accepted by the Insurer or until such breach has been remedied by the Insured.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

5. INSURABLE INTEREST (Articles 2481 and 2484)

(applicable only to property insurance)

A person has an insurable interest in a property where the loss or deterioration of the property may cause him direct and immediate damage. It is necessary that the insurable interest exist at the time of the loss but not necessary that the same interest have existed throughout the duration of the contract. The insurance of a property in which the Insured has no insurable interest is null.

6. CHANGES (Article 2405)

The terms of this policy shall not be waived or changed except by endorsement.

7. ASSIGNMENT (Articles 2475 and 2476)

This policy may be assigned only with the consent of the Insurer and in favour of a person who has an insurable interest in the insured property.

Upon the death or bankruptcy of the Insured or the assignment of his interest in the insurance to a co-Insured, the insurance continues in favour of the heir, trustee in bankruptcy or remaining Insured, subject to his performing the obligations that were incumbent upon the Insured.

8. BOOKS AND RECORDS

The Insurer and its authorized representatives shall have the right to examine the Insured's books and records related to the subject matter of this insurance at any time during the period of this policy and the three subsequent years.

9. INSPECTION

The Insurer and its authorized representatives shall have the right but are not obligated to make inspections of the risk, inform the Insured of the conditions found and recommend changes. Any inspections, surveys, findings or recommendations relate only to insurability and the premiums to be charged. They shall not constitute a warranty that the premises, property or operations are safe or healthful or comply with laws, codes or standards.

10. CURRENCY

All limits of insurance, premiums and other amounts as expressed in this policy are in Canadian currency.

11. AUTOMATIC REINSTATEMENT

(applicable only to property insurance)

Unless specified otherwise in this policy, losses hereunder shall not reduce the amount of insurance of this policy.

12. PREMIUM AUDIT

The Insurer will compute all premiums for this policy in accordance with his rules and rates.

Where the premium shown in this policy is a deposit premium, the Insurer will compute the earned premium for that period at the close of each audit period. Audit premiums are due and payable on notice to the first Named Insured.

If the sum of the advance and audit premiums paid for the policy term is greater than the earned premium, the Insurer will return the excess to the first Named Insured subject to the retention of the minimum premium shown in the Declarations of this policy.

LOSS OR DAMAGE

13. DUTIES OF THE INSURED IN THE EVENT OF LOSS OR DAMAGE (Articles 2470, 2471, 2495 and 2504)

13.1. Notice of loss or damage

The Insured shall notify the Insurer of any loss or damage which may give rise to an indemnity, as soon as he becomes aware of it. Any interested person may give such notice.

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In the event that the requirement set out in the preceding paragraph is not fully complied with, all rights to compensation shall be forfeited by the Insured where such non-compliance has caused prejudice to the Insurer.

- 13.2. In the event of loss or damage to the insured property, the Insured:
 - 13.2.1. shall inform the Insurer as soon as possible of all the circumstances surrounding the loss or damage, including its probable cause, the nature and extent of the damage, the location of the insured property, the rights of third persons, and any concurrent insurance;
 - 13.2.2. must promptly give notice to the police of any loss or damage caused by vandalism, theft or attempted theft or other criminal act;
 - 13.2.3. at the expense of the Insurer, must take all reasonable steps to prevent further loss or damage to the insured property and any further loss or damage resulting directly or indirectly from the Insured's failure to take such action shall not be recoverable. The Insured may not abandon the damaged property if there is no agreement to that effect;
 - 13.2.4. shall facilitate the salvage and inspection of the insured property by the Insurer. He shall, in particular, permit the Insurer and his representatives to visit the premises and examine the insured property before repairing, removing or modifying the damaged property, unless so required to safeguard the property;
 - 13.2.5. shall submit to examination under oath or warrant to the truth and shall produce all documents required by the Insurer and shall permit copies thereof to be made;
 - 13.2.6. shall furnish the Insurer with vouchers and swear or warrant to the truth of the information and that the loss or damage did not occur through his wilful act or neglect or his connivance.
- 13.3. In the event of loss or damage to third parties, the Insured shall:
 - 13.3.1. inform the Insurer as soon as possible of all the circumstances involving loss or damage to third parties, and of any claim resulting therefrom, including the probable cause of the loss or damage, the nature and extent of the damage, and any concurrent insurance;
 - 13.3.2. forthwith send to the Insurer a copy of any notice, letter, subpoena or writ or document received in connection with a claim;
 - 13.3.3. not admit any liability nor settle or attempt to settle any claim, except at his own cost. No transaction made without the consent of the Insurer may be set up against him;
 - 13.3.4. cooperate with the Insurer in the processing of all claims;

13.4. Insured's incapacity

Where, for a serious reason, the Insured is unable to fulfil the obligations stated in sections 13.2. and 13.3., he is entitled to a reasonable time in which to do so.

If the Insured fails to fulfil the said obligations, any interested person may do so on his behalf.

13.5. Separation of Insureds, cross liability (applicable to liability insurance only)

Except with respect to the Limits of Insurance, and any rights or duties specifically assigned in this policy to the first Named Insured, this insurance applies:

- 13.5.1. As if each Named Insured were the only Named Insured; and
- 13.5.2. Separately to each Insured against whom claim is made or action is brought.

14. FALSE REPRESENTATION (Article 2472)

Any deceitful representation entails the loss of the right of the person making it to any indemnity in respect of the risk to which the representation relates.

However, if the occurrence of the event insured against entails the loss of both movable and immovable property or of both property for occupational use and personal property, forfeiture is incurred only with respect to the class of property to which the representation relates.

15. INTENTIONAL FAULT (Article 2464)

The Insurer is never liable to compensate for injury resulting from the Insured's intentional fault.

Where there is more than one Insured, the obligation of coverage remains in respect of those Insureds who have not committed an intentional fault.

Where the Insurer is liable for injury caused by a person for whose acts the Insured is liable, the obligation of coverage subsists regardless of the nature or gravity of that person's fault.

16. RIGHT OF ACTION (Article 2502)

(applicable to liability insurance only)

The Insurer may set up against the injured third person any grounds he could have invoked against the Insured at the time of the loss, but not grounds pertaining to facts that occurred after the loss; the Insurer has a right of action against the Insured in respect of facts that occurred after the loss.

COMPENSATION AND SETTLEMENT

17. BASIS OF SETTLEMENT (Articles 2490, 2491 and 2493)

(applicable to property insurance only)

Unless otherwise provided, the Insurer shall not be liable for more than the actual cash value of the property at the time of loss as normally determined.

In unvalued policies, the amount of insurance does not make proof of the value of the insured property. In valued policies, the agreed value makes complete proof, between the Insurer and the Insured, of the value of the insured property.

If the amount of insurance is less than the value of the property, the Insurer is released by paying the amount of insurance in the event of total loss or a proportional indemnity in the event of partial loss.

18. PAIR AND SET

(applicable to property insurance only)

In the case of loss of or damage to any article or articles, whether scheduled or unscheduled, which are part of a set, the measure of loss of or damage to such article or articles shall be a reasonable and fair proportion of the total value of the set, but in no event shall such loss or damage be construed to mean total loss of set.

19. PARTS

(applicable to property insurance only)

In the case of loss of or damage to any part of the insured property, whether scheduled or unscheduled, consisting, when complete for use, of several parts, the Insurer is not liable for more than the insured value of the part lost or damaged, including the cost of installation.

20. RIGHT OF THE INSURER TO REPAIR OR REPLACE (Article 2494)

(applicable to property insurance only)

Subject to the rights of preferred and hypothecary creditors, the Insurer reserves the right to repair, rebuild or replace the insured property. He is then entitled to salvage and may take over the property.

21. TIME OF PAYMENT (Articles 2469 and 2473)

The Insurer shall pay the indemnity within 60 days after receiving the notice of loss or, at his request, all relevant information and vouchers.

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Any outstanding premium may be deducted from the indemnity payable.

22. PROPERTY OF OTHERS

(applicable to property insurance only)

Where a claim is made as a result of loss of or damage to property not owned by the Insured, the Insurer reserves the right to pay the indemnity to the Insured or to the owner of the property and to deal directly with such owner, in which event the Insurer's obligation to the Insured hereunder shall be fully met.

The Insured must notify the Insurer of any claim or suit for loss or damage to property of others and the Insurer may, at his option, direct the Insured's defense.

23. WAIVER

Neither the Insurer nor the Insured shall be deemed to have waived any term or condition of the policy by any act relating to arbitration or to the completion or delivery of proof of loss, or to the investigation or adjustment of the claim.

24. LIMITATION OF ACTIONS (Article 2925)

Every action or proceeding against the Insurer under this policy shall be commenced within three years from the date the right of action has arisen.

25. SUBROGATION (Article 2474)

Unless otherwise provided, the Insurer shall be subrogated to the extent of the amount paid or the liability assumed therefor under this policy to all rights of recovery of the Insured against third parties except corporations, firms, individuals or other interests with respect to which insurance is provided by this policy. The Insured must do nothing after loss to impair those rights to us and help us enforce them. The Insurer may be fully or partly released from his obligation towards the Insured where, owing to any act of the Insured, he cannot be so subrogated.

Any release from liability entered into by the Insured prior to loss shall not affect the right of the Insured to recover.

Additional provisions applicable to condominiums

Except with respect to criminal act or intentional acts or vehicle impact, the Insurer agrees with the Insured to waive its right of subrogation as to any claim against:

- the Condominium Corporation, its Directors, Property Managers, agents and employees; and
- the owner of a **unit** and, if residents of the household of the owner of a **unit**, his or her spouse, the relatives of either and any other person under the age of 21 in the care of an owner of a **unit** or his or her spouse. Spouse means a person who is married to or has entered into a civil union with another person of the opposite or the same sex and is living with that person for at least three years or for at least one year if a child was born or adopted of their union.

Independent contractors shall not be considered agents or employees of the Condominium Corporation, its Directors, Property Managers, or of the unit owners.

OTHER INSURANCE

26. PROPERTY INSURANCE (Article 2496)

The Insured who, without fraud, is insured by several insurers, under several policies, for the same interest and against the same risk so that the total amount of indemnity that would result from the separate performance of such policies would exceed the loss incurred may be indemnified by the insurer or insurers of his choice, each being liable only for the amount he has contracted for.

No clause suspending all or part of the performance of the contract by reason of other insurance may be used against the Insured.

Unless otherwise agreed, the indemnity is apportioned among the insurers in proportion to the share of each in the total coverage, except in respect of specific insurance, which constitutes primary insurance.

27. LIABILITY INSURANCE

If other valid and collectible insurance is available to the insured for a loss we cover under Coverages A, B or D of this policy, our obligations are limited as follows:

27.1. Primary Insurance

This insurance is primary except when 27.2. and 27.3. below applies. If this insurance is primary, our obligations are not affected unless any of the other insurance is also primary. Then, we will share with all that other insurance by the method described in 27.4. below.

27.2. Excess Insurance (Occurrence Form)

This insurance is excess over:

- 27.2.1. Any of the other insurance, whether primary, excess, contingent or on any other basis:
 - 27.2.1.1. That is Fire, Extended Coverage, Builder's Risk, Installation Risk or similar coverage for your work;
 - 27.2.1.2. That is Fire insurance for premises rented to you or temporarily occupied by you with permission of the owner;
 - 27.2.1.3. If the loss arises out of the maintenance or use of watercraft or automobile to the extent not subject to either Exclusion 2.5. or 2.6. of Section I Coverage A Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability.
- 27.2.2. Any other primary insurance available to you covering liability for compensatory damages arising out of the premises or operations or products-completed operations for which you have been added as an additional insured by attachment of an endorsement.

When this insurance is excess, we will have no duty under Coverages A, B or D to defend the insured against any action if any other insurer has a duty to defend the insured against that action. If no other insurer defends, we will undertake to do so, but we will be entitled to the insured's rights against all those other insurers.

When this insurance is excess over other insurance, we will pay only our share of the amount of the loss, if any, that exceeds the sum of:

- The total amount that all such other insurance would pay for the loss in the absence of this insurance; and
- The total of all deductible and self-insured amounts under all that other insurance.

We will share the remaining loss, if any, with any other insurance that is not described in this Excess Insurance provision and was not bought specifically to apply in excess of the Limits of Insurance shown in the Declarations of this policy.

27.3. Excess Insurance (Claims-Made Form)

If this policy provides claims-made coverage, this insurance is excess over any of the other insurance (whether primary, excess, contingent or on any other basis) that is effective prior to the beginning of the policy period shown in the Declarations of this insurance and applies to personal injury or property damage on other than a claims-made basis.

When this insurance is excess, the Insurer will have no duty to defend any claim or action that any other insurer has a duty to defend. If no other insurer defends, the Insurer will undertake to do so, but he will be entitled to all the Insured's rights against all those other insurers.

27.4. Contribution by equal share:

If all of such other collectible insurance provides for contribution by equal shares, this Insurer shall not be liable for a greater proportion of such loss than would be payable if each insurer contributed an equal share until the share of each insurer equals the lowest applicable limit of liability under any one policy or the full amount of the loss is paid, and with respect to any amount of loss not so paid the remaining insurers then continue to contribute equal shares of the remaining amount of the loss until each such insurer has paid its limit in full or the full amount of the loss is paid.

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CANCELLATION (Articles 83, 2477 and 2479)

28. THIS POLICY MAY BE CANCELLED AT ANY TIME:

- 28.1. By any of the Named Insureds giving written notice. Termination takes effect upon receipt of the notice and the Insured shall therefore be entitled to a refund of the excess of the premium actually paid over the short-term rate for the expired time.
- 28.2. By the Insurer giving written notice to each of the Named Insured, at their last known address, at least 15 days before the effective date of cancellation by reason of non payment of premium or 30 days before the effective date of cancellation by any other reason. Cancellation takes effect 15 or 30 days after receipt of the written notice, depending upon the reason for cancellation. The Named Insured is entitled to a refund of the excess premium actually paid over the prorata premium for the expired time. If the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, the refund shall be made as soon as practicable.

Where there are more than one Named Insured and exclusively in respect of the receipt of the notices sent by the Insurer as provided by this condition, it is understood and agreed that all and each of the Named Insureds elect domicile at the address of the Named Insured whose name is shown first in the Declarations.

Where one or more of the Named Insureds have been mandated to receive or send the notices provided for under paragraph 28.1 or 28.2 above, notices sent or received by them shall be deemed to have been sent or received by all Named Insureds.

In this Condition, the words "premium actually paid" mean the premium actually paid by the Named Insured to the Insurer or its representative, but do not include any premium or part thereof paid to the Insurer by a representative unless actually paid to the representative by the Insured.

Special provisions applicable to condominiums

The time period for notice of termination by the Insurer is extended to 60 days except when the termination is for:

- Non-payment of, or any part of, the premium due under the contract or of any charge due under any agreement ancillary to the contract; or
- False description of the risk, misrepresentation or fraudulent omission to communicate any circumstances that is material to be made known to the Insurer; or
- Change material to the risk;

In those jurisdictions where statute prescribes different policy termination conditions, such prescribed conditions shall apply.

NOTICE

29. NOTICE

Any notice to the Insurer may be sent by any recognized means of communication to the Insurer or its authorized representative. Notice may be given to the Named Insured by letter personally delivered to him or by mail addressed to him at his last known address. It is incumbent upon the sender to prove that such notice was received.

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

(Property insurance)

30. FIRES OR EXPLOSIONS CAUSED BY VOLCANIC ERUPTION, EARTHQUAKE OR OTHER CATACLYSM (Article 2486)

Where coverage provided by this policy insures property against the perils of fire or explosion, it is understood and agreed that, notwithstanding the provisions of article 2486 of the Civil Code of the Province of Québec, the Insurer is liable for damage due to fires or explosions caused by volcanic eruption, earthquake or any other natural disaster.

31. PERMISSIONS

The Insurer grants permission:

- 31.1. to make alterations, additions or repairs to the buildings; the Insured shall notify the Insurer at the beginning of the work if the risk is protected by automatic sprinklers;
- 31.2. to do such work and to keep and use such articles, materials and supplies in such quantities as are usual or necessary to the Insured's business;
- 31.3. for other insurance concurrent with this form.

32. BREACH OF CONDITIONS

Where a loss occurs and there has been a breach of condition relating to a matter before the happening of the loss, which breach would otherwise disentitle the Insured from recovery under this Form, the breach shall not disentitle the Insured from recovery if the Insured establishes that the loss was not caused or contributed to by the breach of condition or if the breach of condition occurred in any portion of the premises over which the Insured has no control.

Special provisions applicable to condominiums

If the **Condominium Corporation** does not comply with a condition of this insurance, any claim for subsequent loss or damage is not recoverable. The Insurer will not deny a claim for this reason if the **Condominium Corporation** proves that the non-compliance neither caused nor worsened the loss or damage.

Coverage will not be affected:

- if the Condominium Corporation fails to comply with a condition in part of the premises over which the Condominium Corporation has no control, or
- if the breach is committed by an owner of a unit or occupant without the knowledge or consent of the Condominium Corporation.

33. PROPERTY PROTECTION SYSTEMS

It is a condition of this insurance that the Insured shall immediately notify the Insurer of any interruption to, or flaw or defect, coming to the knowledge of the Insured, in any:

- 33.1. sprinkler or other fire extinguishing system; or
- 33.2. fire detection system; or
- 33.3. intrusion detection system;

and shall also immediately notify the Insurer of the cancellation or non-renewal of any contract which provides monitoring or maintenance services to any of these systems or of the notification of the suspension of police service in response to any of these systems.

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DEFINITIONS

1. CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION means:

a corporation constituted under provincial legislation relating to condominiums or co-ownership by declaration. It refers to a syndicate in Québec.

2. PREMISES means:

- 2.1. the entire area within the property lines at the location(s) described in the Declaration Page(s) or at any newly acquired location, including:
 - 2.1.1. areas under adjoining sidewalks and driveways;
 - 2.1.2. in or on vehicles within 100 metres (328 feet) of such property lines described in 2.1;
- 2.2. in the open within 305 metres (1000 feet) of such property lines described in 2.1.

3. UNIT means:

the unit as defined in the declaration, description or bylaws of the **Condominium Corporation** or provincial or territorial legislation relating to condominiums or divided co-ownership. It refers to a private portion in Quebec.