**9640 MUNA | RESOLUTION 01 | 2025**

 **Resolution on the Effects of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Digital Technologies on Human Rights**

**The General Assembly**

**Reaffirms** the commitment to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international human rights instruments.

**Recognizes** the transformative potential of artificial intelligence (AI) and other digital technologies in various sectors.

**Expresses** **concern** about the potential negative impacts of AI on human rights, including privacy, freedom of expression, and non-discrimination.

**Commits** to taking the following actions:

- **Calls upon member states to develop and implement regulatory frameworks** to ensure the safe, ethical, and accountable use of AI systems.

- **Urges stakeholders**, including technology companies and researchers, to prioritize human rights in the design, development, and deployment of AI technologies to promote safe and ethical AI.

- **Emphasizes the importance** of protecting individuals' privacy and data security in the context of AI and digital technologies.

- **Calls for the establishment** of robust data protection laws and practices to safeguard personal information from misuse and breaches.

- **Highlights the need to address** the digital divide by ensuring equitable access to digital technologies and promoting digital literacy.

- **Encourages member states to invest** in infrastructure and education to bridge the gap between technologically advanced and underserved communities and countries.

- **Stresses the importance of non-discrimination** and inclusivity in the deployment of AI technologies.

- **Calls for the development** of AI systems that are transparent, fair, and free from biases that could lead to discrimination against marginalized groups.

**Urges** member states and international organizations to collaborate on the development of global standards and best practices for AI and digital technologies.

**Encourages** sharing of knowledge, resources, and expertise to promote the responsible and beneficial use of AI worldwide.

**9640 MUNA | RESOLUTION 02 | 2025**

 **Strengthening Global Commitment to the Paris Agreement: Addressing the Withdrawal of the United States from the Paris Agreement and Reinforcing Global Climate Action**

**The General Assembly**

**Recognizing** the importance of the Paris Agreement in combating climate change and limiting global temperature rise to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels,

**Acknowledging** the significant contributions of all signatories to the Agreement and the vital role of the United States as a major emitter of greenhouse gases,

**Expressing regret** over the decision of the United States to withdraw from the Paris Agreement on November 4, 2020,

**Reaffirming** the commitment of the United Nations and its Member States to the principles and goals of the Paris Agreement,

**Emphasizing** the need for enhanced cooperation and solidarity among nations to address the global threat of climate change,

**Noting** that the withdrawal of any major emitter could undermine global efforts to mitigate climate change and adapt to its impacts,

**1. Calls upon** the United States to reconsider its decision to withdraw from the Paris Agreement and to rejoin the international community in its efforts to combat climate change;

**2. Urges** all Member States to strengthen their national commitments and accelerate their implementation of climate actions in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement;

**3. Encourages** enhanced financial and technical support for Pacific Island nations and other vulnerable countries to help them meet their climate goals and build resilience to climate impacts;

**4. Recommends** the establishment of a high-level task force within the United Nations to engage with the United States and other stakeholders to facilitate their re-engagement with the Paris Agreement;

**5. Requests** the Secretary-General to report on the progress of these efforts at the next session of the General Assembly.

**9640 MUNA | RESOLUTION 03 | 2025**

**Strengthening Global Cybersecurity and Protecting Critical Infrastructure**

**The General Assembly**,

**Reaffirming the treaty** called the “United Nations Convention against Cybercrime”adopted by the General Assembly on December 24, 2024, which aims to strengthen international cooperation to combat cybercrime and protect societies from digital threats.

**Recognizing** the growing threat of cyberattacks on critical infrastructure, including energy, healthcare, finance, and transportation sectors,

**Acknowledging** the importance of international cooperation in addressing cybersecurity challenges and sharing best practices,

**Expressing concern** over the increasing sophistication and frequency of cyberattacks targeting national and global critical infrastructure,

**Reaffirming** the commitment of the United Nations and its Member States to promote peace and security in the digital age,

**Emphasizing** the need for enhanced cybersecurity measures to protect the integrity, confidentiality, and availability of critical systems,

**1. Calls upon** Member States to strengthen their national cybersecurity frameworks and enhance the protection of critical infrastructure;

**2. Urges** the establishment of an international cybersecurity task force within the United Nations to facilitate cooperation and information sharing among Member States;

**3. Encourages** the development and implementation of international standards and guidelines for cybersecurity to ensure a unified approach to protecting critical infrastructure;

**4. Recommends** the provision of technical and financial assistance to developing countries to help them build their cybersecurity capabilities and protect their critical infrastructure;

**9640 MUNA | RESOLUTION 04 | 2025**

**Promoting Peace and Stability in the South China Sea: Addressing Aggressive Actions in the South China Sea and Promoting Maritime Security**

**The General Assembly,**

**Recognizing** the strategic importance of the South China Sea for international shipping, trade, and regional stability,

**Acknowledging** the legitimate claims of all nations bordering the South China Sea and the need for peaceful resolution of disputes,

**Expressing concern** over the increasing militarization and aggressive actions in the South China Sea, which threaten regional peace and security,

**Reaffirming** the commitment of the United Nations and its Member States to the principles of international law, including the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS),

**Emphasizing** the importance of freedom of navigation and overflight in the South China Sea,

**Noting** the calls for a binding code of conduct in the South China Sea to ensure peaceful and cooperative behaviour among nations,

**1. Condemns** any unilateral actions that escalate tensions and undermine peace and stability in the South China Sea;

**2. Calls upon** all parties to adhere to international law, including UNCLOS, and to respect the sovereignty and territorial integrity of all nations bordering the South China Sea;

**3. Urges** the immediate cessation of militarization activities and aggressive actions in the South China Sea;

**4. Supports** the development and implementation of a binding code of conduct in the South China Sea, negotiated through diplomatic and multilateral channels, to ensure peaceful and cooperative behaviour among nations;

**5. Encourages** enhanced dialogue and confidence-building measures among the nations bordering the South China Sea to address disputes and promote mutual understanding;

**6. Recommends** the establishment of a regional task force to monitor and report on developments in the South China Sea and to facilitate conflict resolution and cooperation;