

CL.73a SAFE PATIENT HANDLING ASSESSMENT TOOL updated 8/16

Lift Type	Patient /Resident Criteria	Contraindications	Sling Criteria/Devices	Staff
Total Mechanical Lift or Ceiling Lift	 Non weight bearing Not able to sit/balance on edge of bed Non weight bearing patient needing repositioning in a non- reclining chair 	 Cross through attachment method for Split Leg Hammock sling is standard; UNLESS Cradle Method of sling attachment is required for Bilateral Amputees or high residual limb amputations. This attachment may also be more comfortable for Bariatric patients. 	 Use - Hygiene sling if patient has: Good upper body control Cognitive Able to assist Transfer is for toileting/access to perineal area. Hammock Split Leg style sling provides universal fit with 2 attachment methods Sizing: Body morphology also considered S - 45 - 100 lbs. M - 100 - 210 lbs. L - 210 - 440 lbs. XL- 440 - 800 lbs. 	2 - 2+ Hands on patient/res. for duration of transfer. 2 - 2+ Hands on patient/res. for duration of transfer.
Sit/Stand Mechanical Lift	 Partial weight bearing in one or both legs Can hold on with one or both hands Cooperative Able to move supine to sit and be able to sit/balance on edge of bed with 1-assist and/or use of assist rail/head of bed. Partial weight bearing patient needing repositioning in a non- reclining chair 	 Abdominal, chest or back surgery (if the area of surgery would be compromised resulting in harm to the patient/resident) Spinal or pelvic fracture (if the fracture site would be compromised resulting in harm to the patient/resident) Poor skin integrity in area of belt 	 Use - Band Harness if patient: CAN bear weight continuously Use -TT Harness if patient: CANNOT bear weight continuously Band sling is not large enough If leg straps are needed Never tighten the TT Harness leg straps 	2 – 2+ Once patient/res is seated bedside for transfer do not leave their side. Contact Guard
Figure Transfer/Gait Belt	 Full weight bearing and able to ambulate with guidance or hands on cueing Partial weight bearing if they can take steps and move feet Steady Sound cognition Cooperative 	 Abdominal, chest or back surgery (if the area of the surgery would be compromised resulting in harm to the patient/resident) Spinal or pelvic fracture (if the fracture site would be comprised resulting in harm to the patient/resident) Poor skin integrity in area of belt 	Ambulation devices	1 + another to handle medical equipment
Slide sheets, Air Matt or Repositioning slings	 Bedrest Unable to assist with lateral transfer Needs repositioning in bed or reclining chair 	area of belt	 Tri-Turner- size based on bed size Full Body Positioning Sling- size based on bed size Split Sheet-size based on bed size Limb Straps-1 or 2 based on task 	Use of SPH Tools and More than 300 lbs-3 assist may be needed 2-2+
No Lift Device	 Full weight bearing bilaterally Steady Or patient < 30 LBS 		None	0 – 1